

Data-CRC Calculation

The CRC is calculated for the unencoded data over all used cylinders (header field **u-cyl**) in the image. The CRC value is initialized with 0 and is updated using the CRC 32 polynomial 0x104C11DB7, bit reverse algorithm (see source code of drvqm.c and crctable.c in LibDsk).

```
unsigned long* crc;  
*crc = crc32r_table[(byte ^ (unsigned char)*crc) & 0x3f] ^ (*crc >> 8);
```

Due to a feature in CopyQM (8 bit register as an index into a 1024 byte table) all bytes must have their top two bits removed (&0x3f) before added to the CRC.

Header Checksum

The header checksum is calculated from the lowest 8 bit of the negative sum of all header bytes except the checksum field itself.

```
header[132] = (-sum(header[0]...header[131])) & 0xff
```

When reading the header, the sum over the entire header must be zero.

```
sum(header[0]...header[132]) = 0
```

References

The LibDsk Library

<http://www.seasip.demon.co.uk/Unix/LibDsk/>

| CQM image Offset | DOS bootsect Offset | Len | blind=1/2 | Content | Description |
|------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|--|
| 0x00-0x02 | | 3 | | | Image identifier (Constant "CQ\x14") |
| 0x03,0x04 | 0x0b,0x0c | 2 | | secsize | Sector length (Bytes per sector) |
| 0x05 | 0x0d | 1 | unused | sec/cl | Sectors per cluster (Power of 2) |
| 0x06,0x07 | 0x0e,0x0f | 2 | unused | reserved | Nr. of reserved sectors incl. the boot sector (min. 1) |
| 0x08 | 0x10 | 1 | unused | fatcpy | Nr. of FAT copies |
| 0x09,0x0a | 0x11,0x12 | 2 | unused | direntries | Max. nr. of directory entries in root directory |
| 0x0b,0x0c | 0x13,0x14 | 2 | | sectotal | Nr. of total sectors if <= 65535, else 0 |
| 0x0d | 0x15 | 1 | unused | media | Media descriptor byte |
| 0x0e,0x0f | 0x16,0x17 | 2 | unused | sec/fat | Nr. of sectors per FAT |
| 0x10,0x11 | 0x18,0x19 | 2 | | sec/trk | Nr. of sectors per track |
| 0x12,0x13 | 0x1a,0x1b | 2 | | hd | Nr. of heads (1 or 2) |
| 0x14-0x17 | 0x1c-0x1f | 4 | unused | hidden | Nr. of hidden sectors before the boot sector (zero on floppy disks) |
| 0x18-0x1b | 0x20-0x23 | 4 | unused | sectotal_big | Nr. of total sectors if > 65535, else 0 (zero on floppy disks) |
| 0x1c-0x57 | | 60 | | descr | Description (ASCII Text, padded with \x00) |
| 0x58 | | 1 | | blind | Blind: 0=DOS, 1=blind, 2=HFS |
| | | | | | blind=0: => header contains additional filesystem (DOS) infos; |
| 0x59 | | 1 | | dens | Density: 0=DD, 1=HD, 2=ED |
| 0x5a | | 1 | | u-cyl | Cylinders in image, set equal to t-cyl in blind (blind=1) images |
| 0x5b | | 1 | | t-cyl | Cylinders on disk (total cylinders, physical cylinders) |
| 0x5c-0x5f | | 4 | | data-crc | 32bit data CRC |
| 0x60-0x6a | | 11 | | label | DOS volume label (ASCII Text, padded with \x20 (Space)) |
| 0x6b,0x6c | | 2 | | time | Modification time (see diagram) |
| 0x6d,0x6e | | 2 | | date | Modification date (see diagram) |
| 0x6f,0x70 | | 2 | | comt-len | Comment length (Length of optional comment field) |
| 0x71 | | 1 | | secbs | Sector base (Nr. of first sector - 1) |
| 0x72,0x73 | | 2 | unused | | Unknown, set by CopyQM v3.24 if blind=0, depends on disk contents |
| 0x74 | | 1 | | intlv | Interleave (1 if not interleaved) |
| 0x75 | | 1 | | skew | Skew (0 if not skewed) |
| 0x76 | | 1 | | drive | Source drive type: 1=5,25" 360KB, 2=5,25" 1,2MB, 3=3,5" 720KB, 4=3,5" 1,44MB, 6=3,5" 2,88MB, 8" is unknown (0 or 5?) |
| 0x77-0x83 | | 13 | | | Unknown, always zero (\x00) in my tests |
| 0x84 | | 1 | | hd-crc | Header CRC |
| 0x85-xxx | | comt-len | | | If Comment, then comt-len bytes (incl. \x00 characters) |
| 0x85-xxx | | | | | If no comment, then image starts here |

Image starts at 0x85 (133) if no comment exists, or at 0x85 + "comt-len" if a comment exists

unused:

Unused fields in blind mode (blind=1) or in HFS images (blind=2) filled with zeros (\x00)

The purple part in DOS images (blind=0) corresponds to the BIOS Parameter Block (BPB) of a DOS floppy disk.